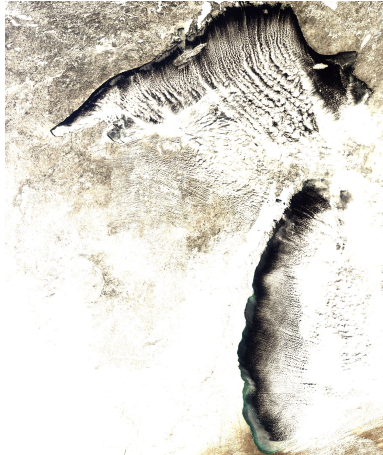


Shear Turbulence

Fabian Waleffe

Depts. of Mathematics and Engineering Physics



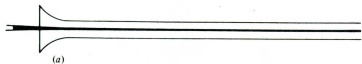
University of

Wisconsin

, Madison



Mini-Symposium on
Subcritical Flow Instability
'for training of early stage researchers'



(a)



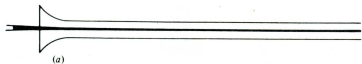
(b)



(c)



Mini-Symposium on
Subcritical Flow Instability
'for training of early stage researchers'
... by late stage researchers?!



(a)



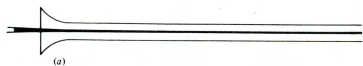
(b)



(c)



Mini-Symposium on
Subcritical Flow Instability
'for training of early stage researchers'
... by late stage researchers?!



(a)



(b)

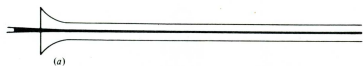


(c)

Instability?



Mini-Symposium on
Subcritical Flow Instability
'for training of early stage researchers'
... by late stage researchers?!



(a)



(b)



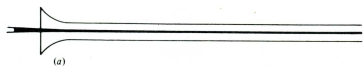
(c)

Instability?

Subcritical instability?



Mini-Symposium on
Subcritical Flow Instability
'for training of early stage researchers'
... by late stage researchers?!



(a)



(b)



(c)

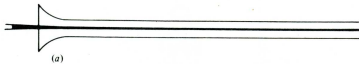
Instability?

Subcritical instability?

Transition to turbulence?



Mini-Symposium on
Subcritical Flow Instability
'for training of early stage researchers'
... *by late stage researchers?!*



(a)



(b)



(c)

Instability?

Subcritical instability?

Transition to turbulence?

What is turbulence?

Incompressible flow: Navier-Stokes equations

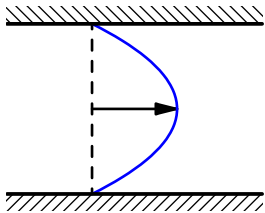
3D velocity field $\mathbf{u}(\mathbf{x}, t)$:

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} = 0$$

$$\partial_t \mathbf{u} + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{u}\mathbf{u}) + \nabla p = \frac{1}{R} \nabla^2 \mathbf{u}$$

R : Reynolds number

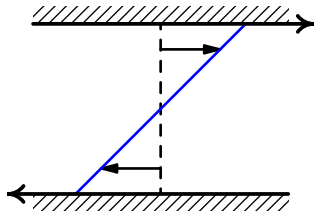
Simple geometries, simple flow?



Pipe, Channel

$$\mathbf{u} = (1 - y^2) \hat{\mathbf{x}}$$

$$R \lesssim 2,000$$



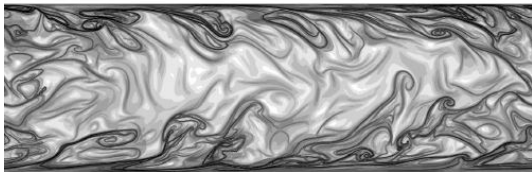
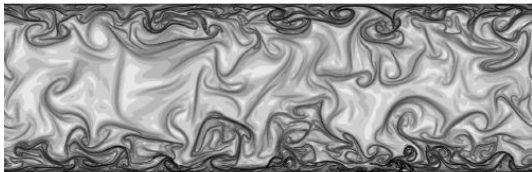
Plane Couette

$$\mathbf{u} = y \hat{\mathbf{x}}$$

$$R \lesssim 350$$

Channel flow for $R \gtrsim 2,000$... not simple!

Front



Top



Side

Green, M. A., Rowley, C. W. & Haller, G.

Detection of Lagrangian coherent structures in three-dimensional turbulence,

J. Fluid Mech., **572**, 2007, 111-120.

Instability?

Instability?

NSE: $\frac{d\mathbf{u}}{dt} = f(\mathbf{u}; R)$

Instability?

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Equilibrium \mathbf{u}_0 : $0 = f(\mathbf{u}_0; R)$

Instability?

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Equilibrium \mathbf{u}_0 : $0 = f(\mathbf{u}_0; R)$

Linear stability: $\frac{d(\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{u}_0)}{dt} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{u}} \right)_0 (\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{u}_0)$

Instability?

NSE:
$$\frac{d\mathbf{u}}{dt} = f(\mathbf{u}; R)$$

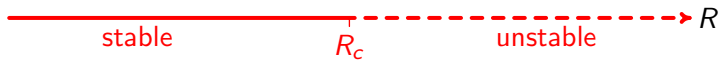
Equilibrium \mathbf{u}_0 :
$$0 = f(\mathbf{u}_0; R)$$

Linear stability:
$$\frac{d(\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{u}_0)}{dt} = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{u}} \right)_0 (\mathbf{u} - \mathbf{u}_0)$$

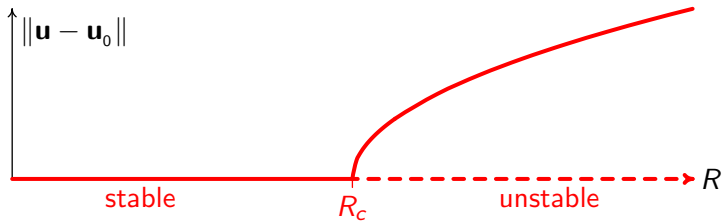
$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{u}_0 = \mathbf{v}e^{\lambda t}, \quad \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial \mathbf{u}} \right)_0 \mathbf{v} = \lambda \mathbf{v},$$

Instability if $\Re(\lambda) > 0$, typically for $R > R_c$

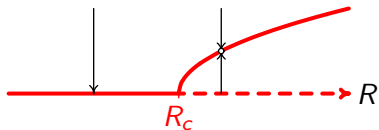
Linear instability



⇒ Nonlinear bifurcation



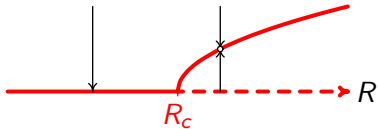
Bifurcations



Supercritical, NL stabilizes

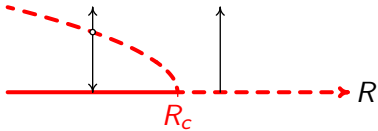
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = (R - R_c)A - A^3$$

Bifurcations



Supercritical, NL stabilizes

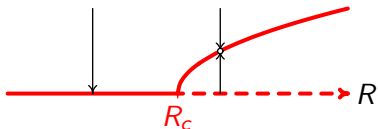
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = (R - R_c)A - A^3$$



Subcritical, NL de-stabilizes,

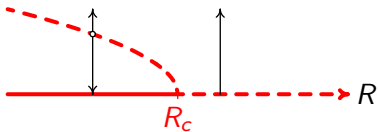
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = (R - R_c)A + A^3$$

Bifurcations



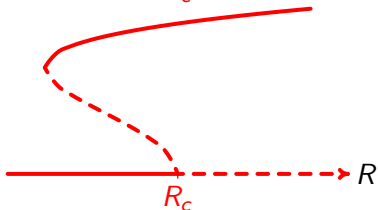
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Subcritical, NL de-stabilizes,

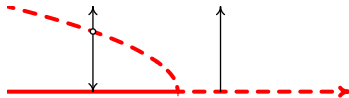
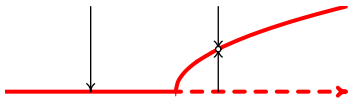
$$\frac{dA}{dt} = (R - R_c)A + A^3$$



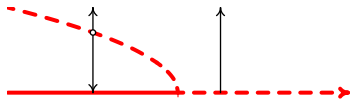
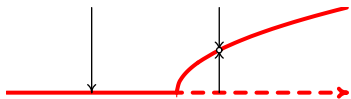
Higher order NL stabilization?

$$\frac{dA}{dt} = (R - R_c)A + A^3 - A^5 \dots$$

Supercritical or subcritical?

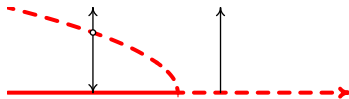
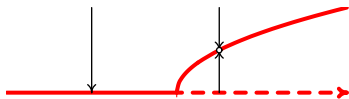


Supercritical or subcritical?



Nonlinearity decides: $\frac{dA}{dt} = (R - R_c)A \pm A^3$

Supercritical or subcritical?



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NSE: $\frac{d\mathbf{u}}{dt} = f(\mathbf{u}; R) \rightarrow \frac{d\mathbf{v}}{dt} = L(\mathbf{v}; \mathbf{u}_0, R) + N(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{v})$

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$\langle \mathbf{v}, N(\mathbf{v}, \mathbf{v}) \rangle = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{d\langle \mathbf{v}, \mathbf{v} \rangle}{dt} = \langle \mathbf{v}, L(\mathbf{v}) \rangle = \langle \mathbf{v}, L^T(\mathbf{v}) \rangle$

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Supercritical or subcritical?



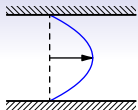
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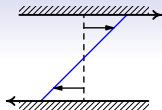
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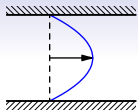
\Rightarrow necessary for *subcritical*: $L \neq L^T$



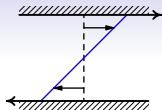
Back to shear flows



- Linear stability: $L \neq L^T \dots$

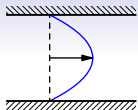


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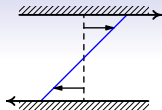


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Hard! Confusing!



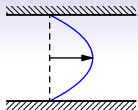
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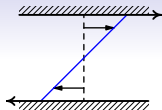
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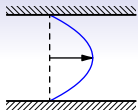
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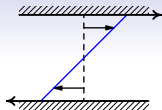
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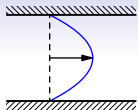
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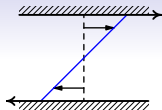
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 - ... but only in BL and Channel, not pipe and plane Couette
 - ... and weak instability seems unrelated to 'natural' transition



Back to shear flows

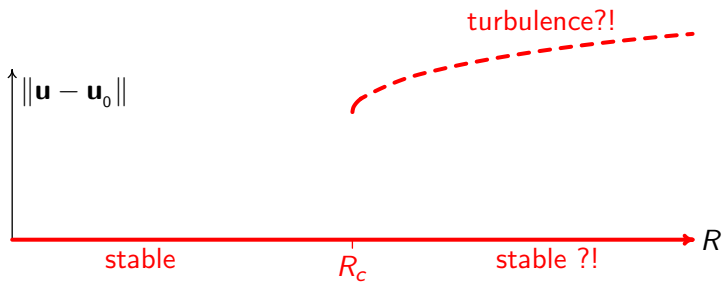


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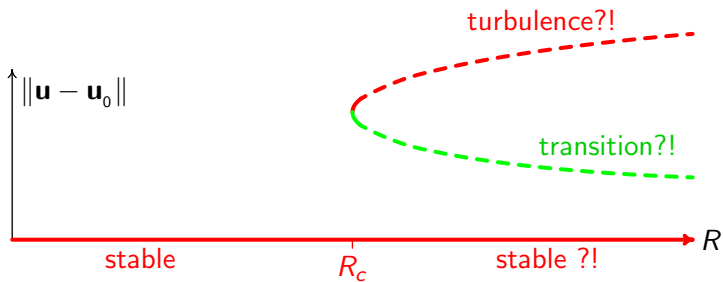
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- Who said: "*Subtle is the Lord, but malicious s/he is not.*" ?!

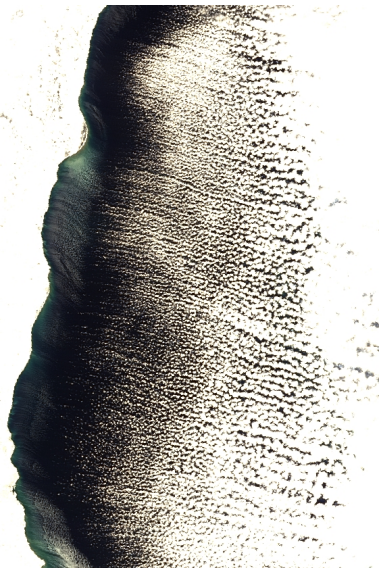
Shear turbulence



Shear turbulence

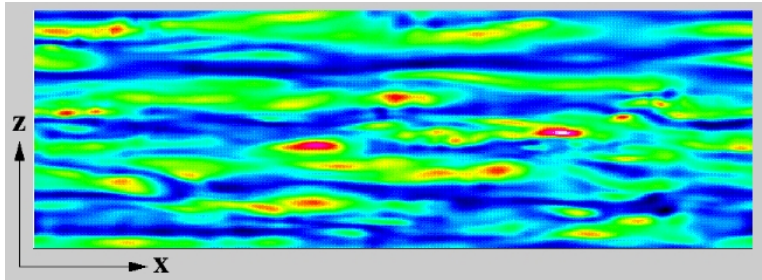


Streaks in turbulent shear flows . . .



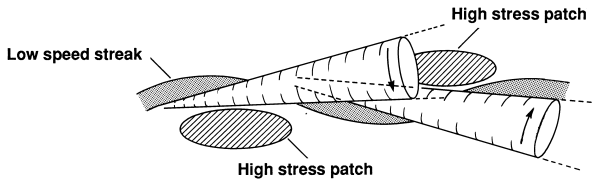
$R \approx 10^9$? (OK, some convection too . . .)

Streaks in turbulent channel flow ...



Skin friction (Kim, Moin, Moser JFM 2007)

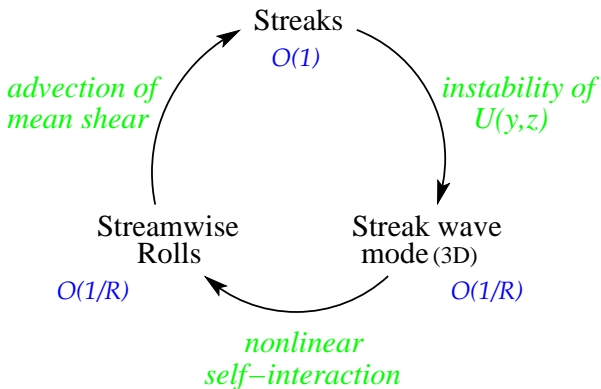
Characteristic near-wall coherent structure



Derek Stretch, CTR Stanford, 1990

Streaks + staggered quasi-streamwise vortices: why?

Self-Sustaining Process (SSP)



SSP theory \longrightarrow SSP method

- (1) Add $\frac{F}{R^2}$ forcing of streamwise rolls to NSE
 $\Rightarrow O(\frac{1}{R})$ rolls, $O(1)$ streaks

('Full' NSE, Newton's method)

PRL 1998, JFM 2001, PoF 2003

SSP theory \longrightarrow SSP method

- (1) Add $\frac{F}{R^2}$ forcing of streamwise rolls to NSE
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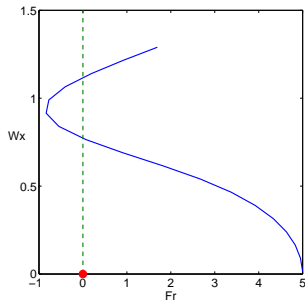
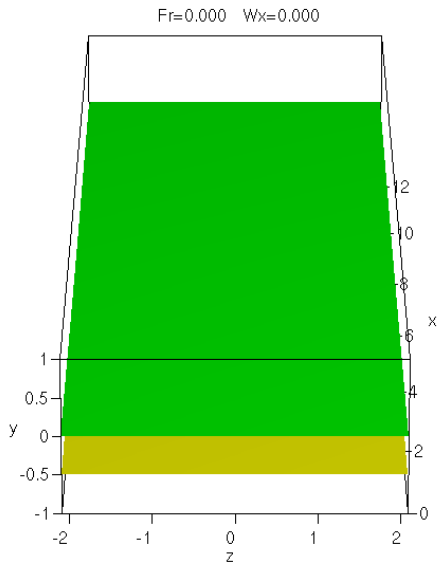
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- (3) Continue to $F = 0$. *Ta da!*
- (4) (*optional*) Recall:
"Subtle is the Lord, but malicious s/he is not."

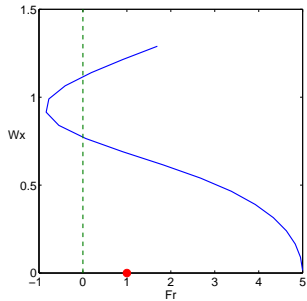
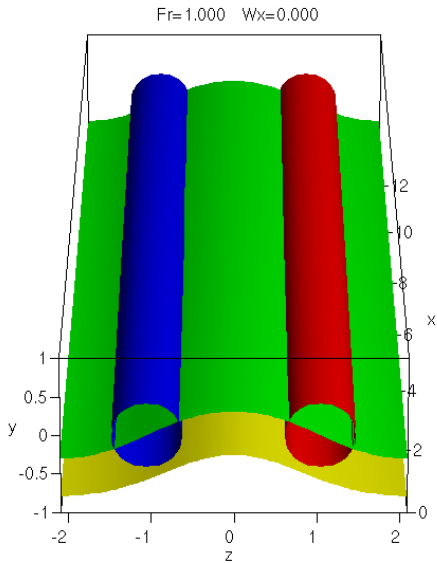
('Full' NSE, Newton's method)

PRL 1998, JFM 2001, PoF 2003

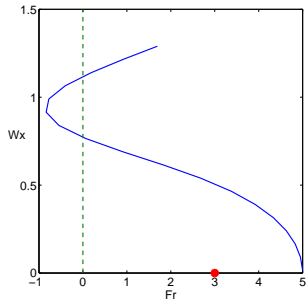
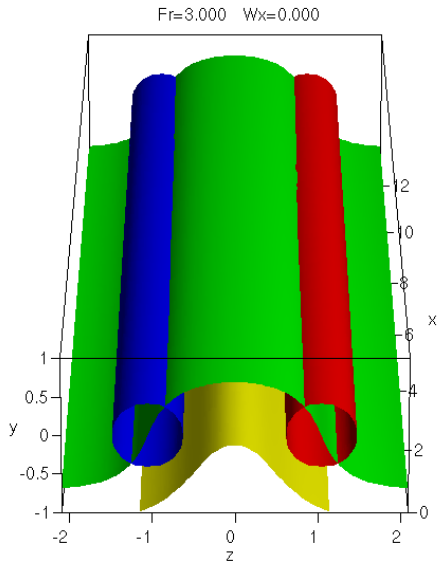
Laminar Couette flow: $u=0$ & $u=-0.5$



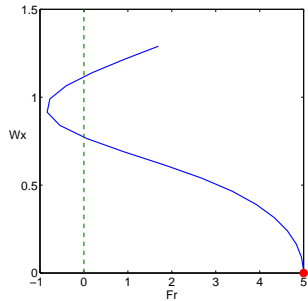
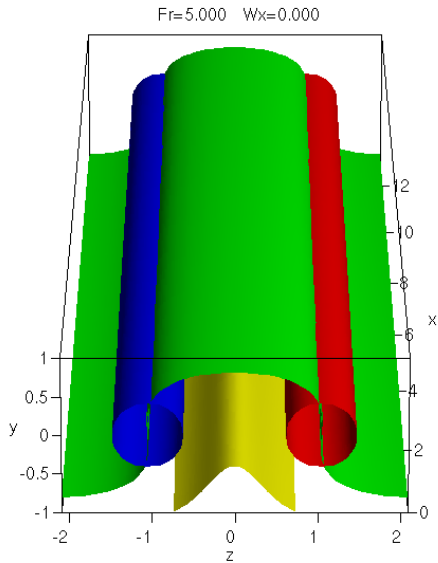
SSP: Streamwise Rolls create Streaks



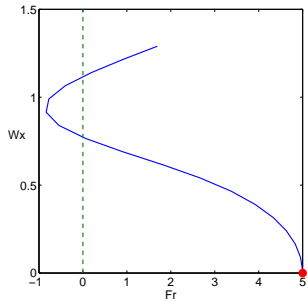
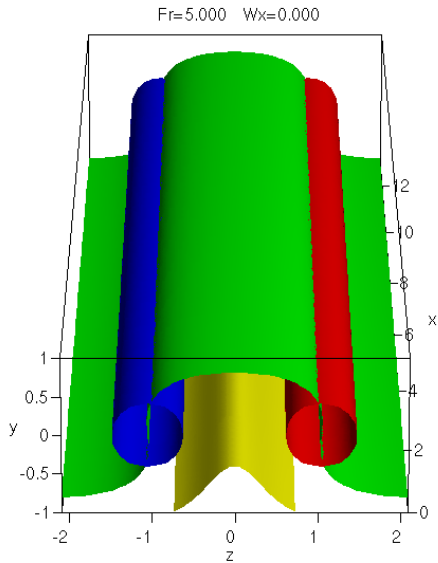
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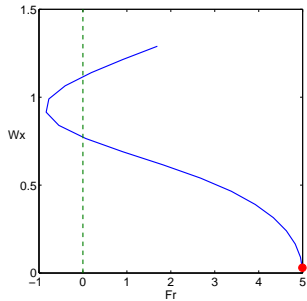
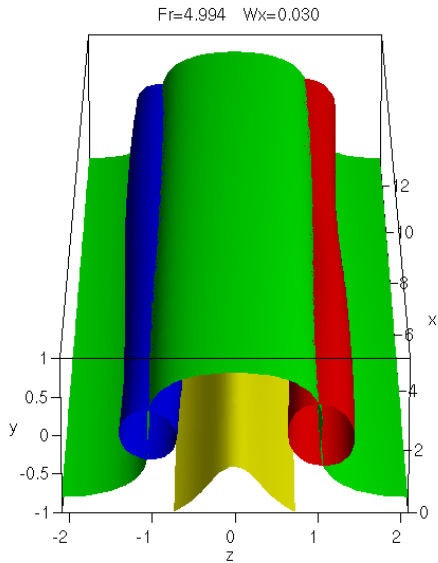
SSP: Rolls create Streaks



SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks

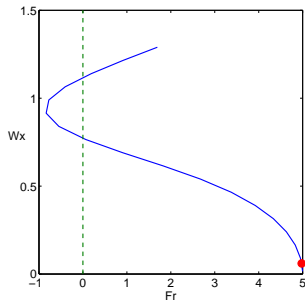
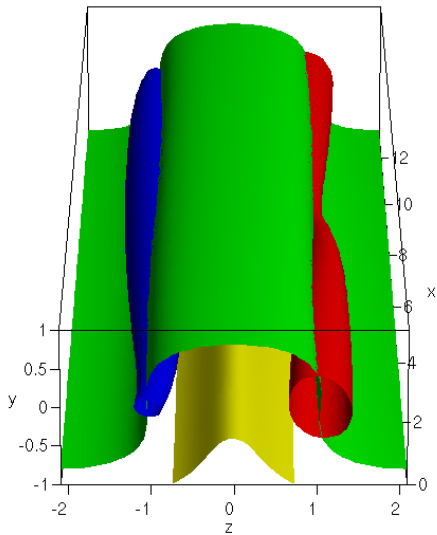


SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks

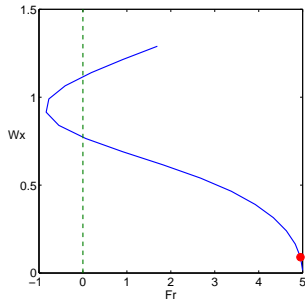
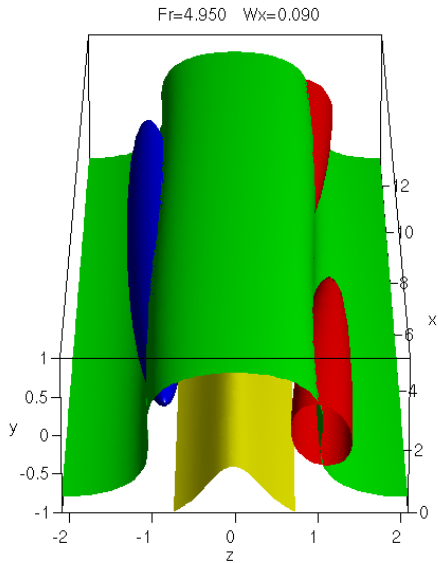


SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks

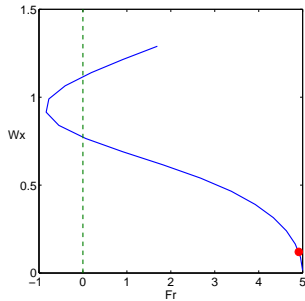
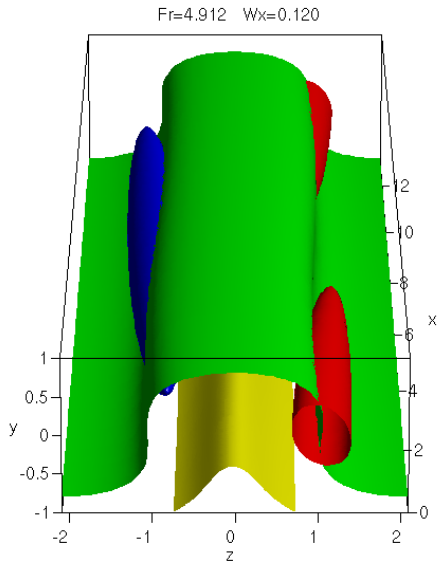
Fr=4.978 Wx=0.060



SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks

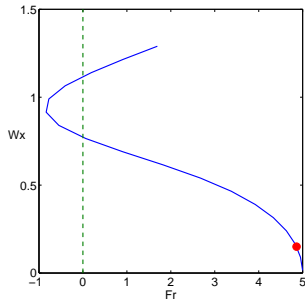
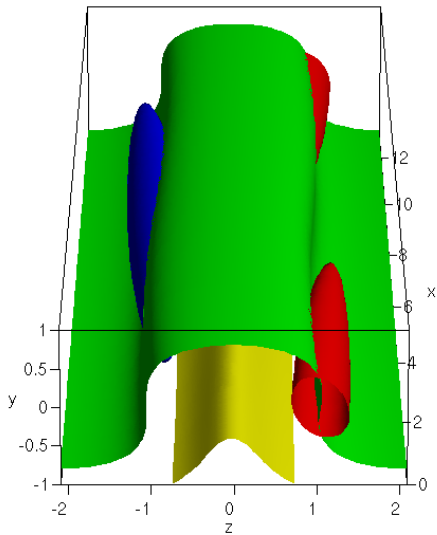


SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks

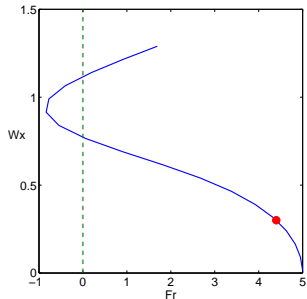
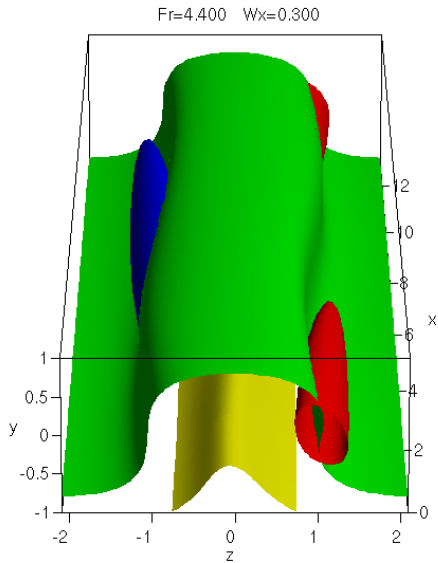


SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks

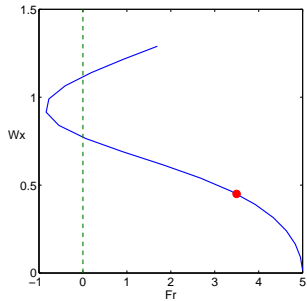
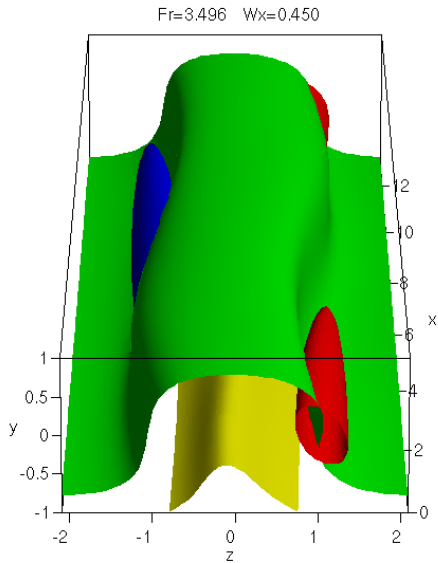
Fr=4.861 Wx=0.150



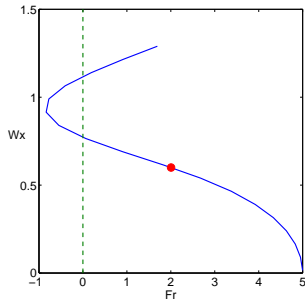
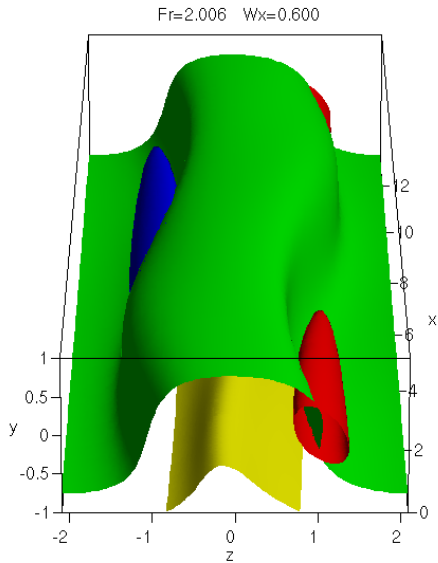
SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks



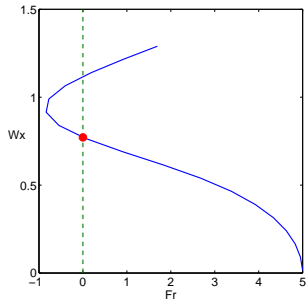
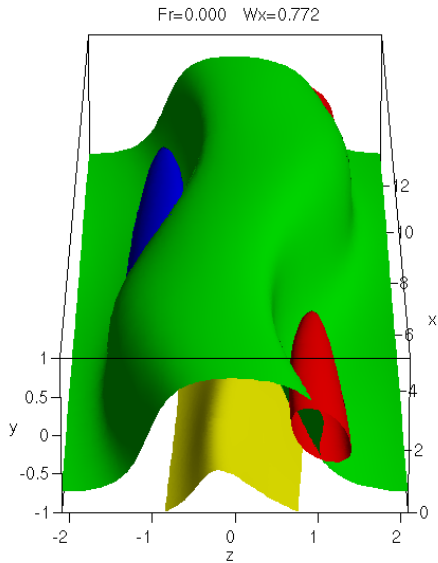
SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks



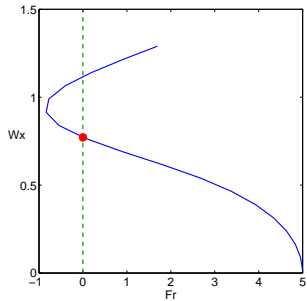
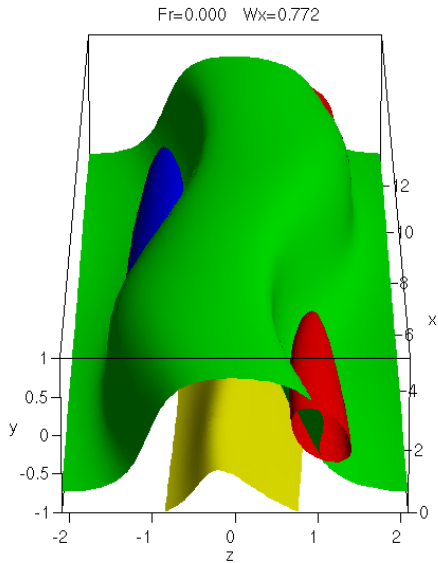
SSP in action: Subcritical Bifurcation from Streaks



SSP: Self-Sustained! 3D Lower branch

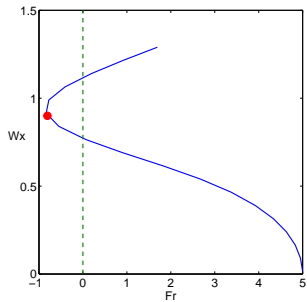
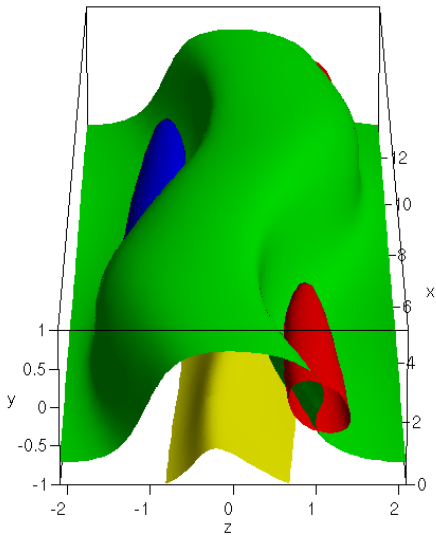


SSP: Self-Sustained! 3D Lower branch



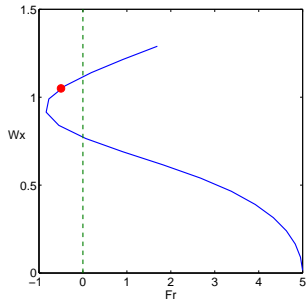
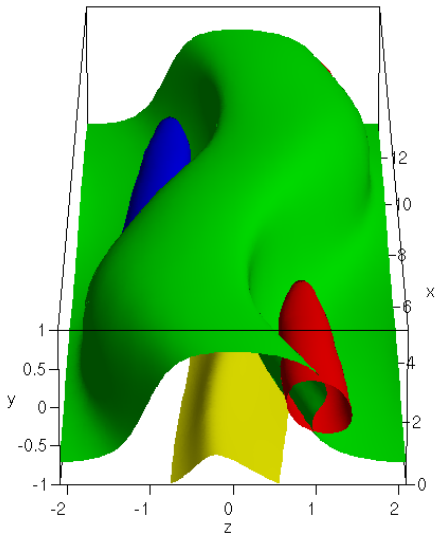
SSP: Bifurcation from Streaks

Fr=-0.808 Wx=0.900



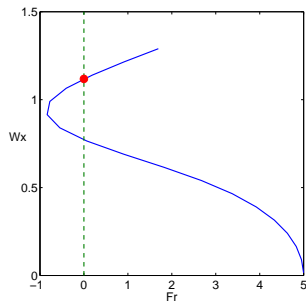
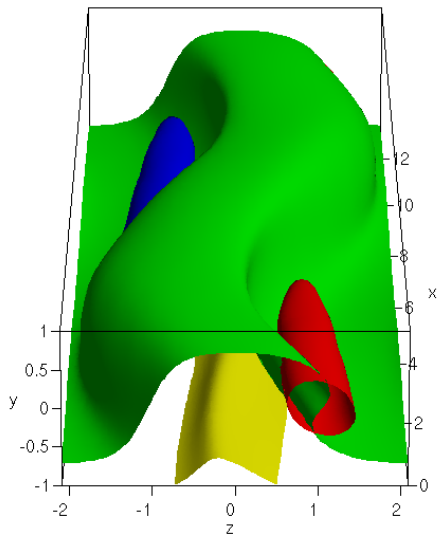
SSP: Bifurcation from Streaks

Fr=-0.499 Wx=1.050



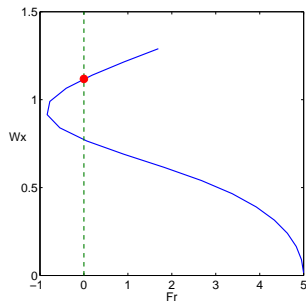
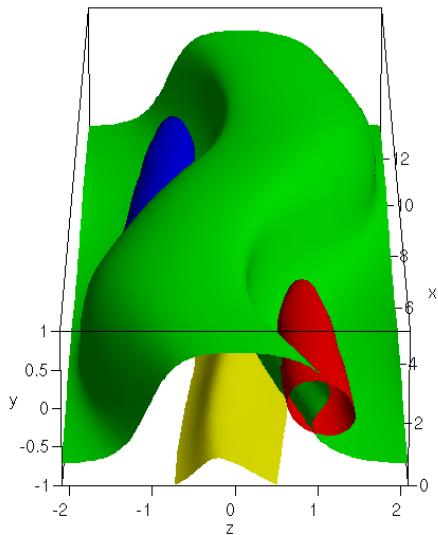
SSP: Self-Sustained! 3D Upper branch

Fr=0.000 Wx=1.118



SSP: Self-Sustained! 3D Upper branch

Fr=0.000 Wx=1.118



Homotopy

Free-Free Couette (FFC) \rightarrow Rigid-Free Poiseuille (RFP)

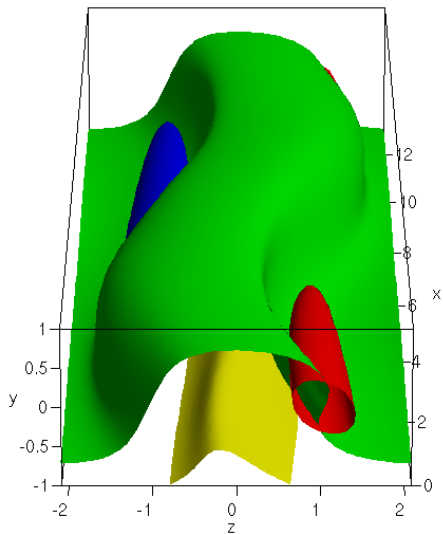
$$\mu = 0 \rightarrow 1$$

$$BC : \quad (1 - \mu) \frac{du}{dy} + \mu u = 0$$

$$Flow : \quad U_L(y) = y + \mu \left(\frac{1}{6} - \frac{y^2}{2} \right)$$

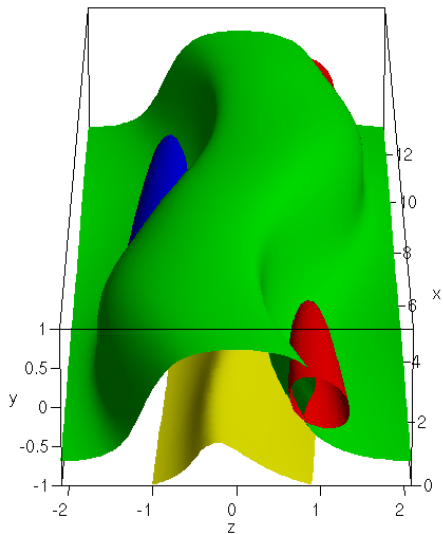
FFC \longrightarrow RFP

$\mu=0.0$ $R=142$



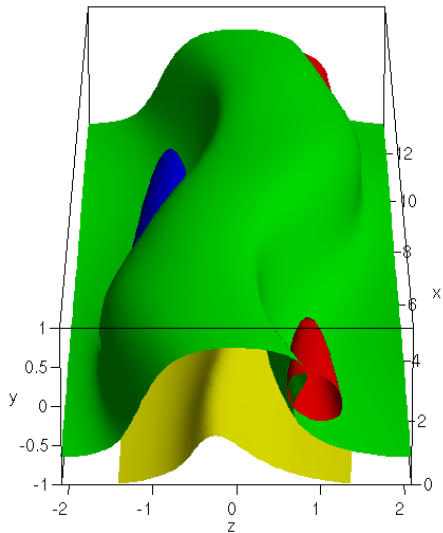
FFC \longrightarrow RFP

$\mu=0.2$ $R=145$



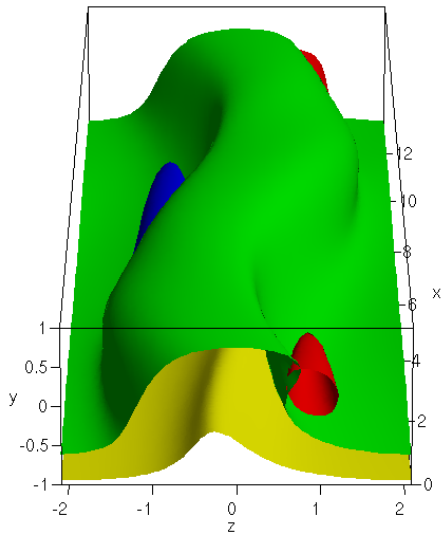
FFC \longrightarrow RFP

$\mu=0.4$ $R=152$



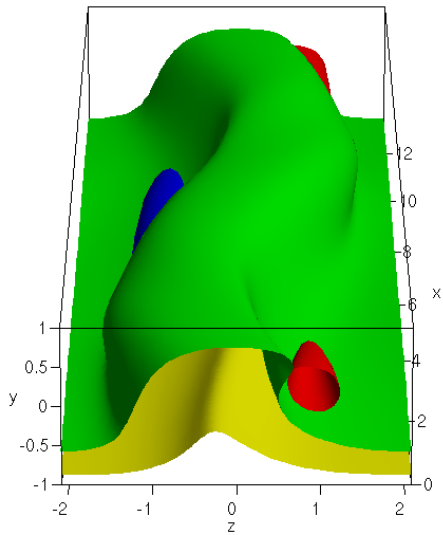
FFC \longrightarrow RFP

$\mu=0.6$ $R=166$

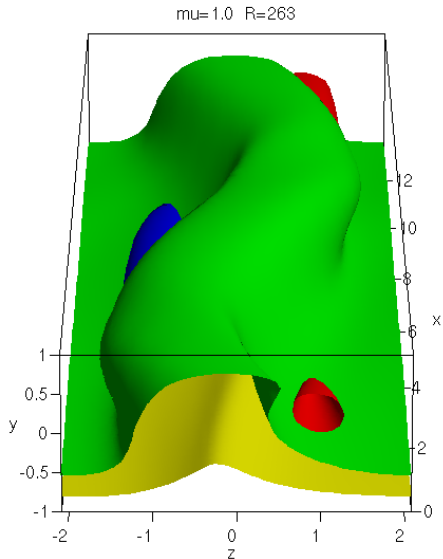


FFC \longrightarrow RFP

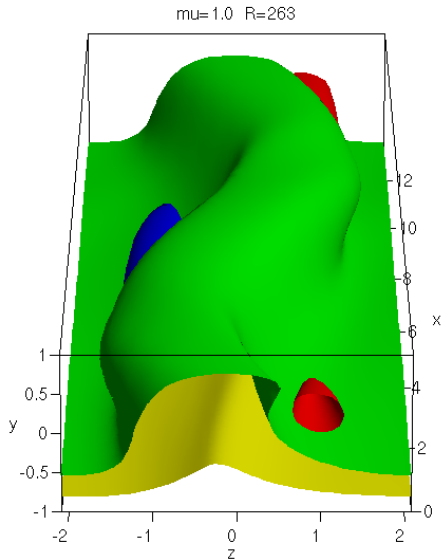
$\mu=0.8$ $R=192$



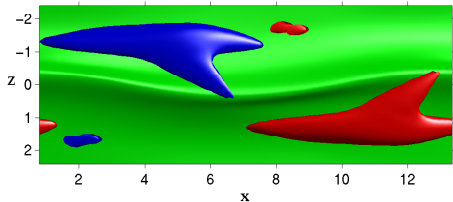
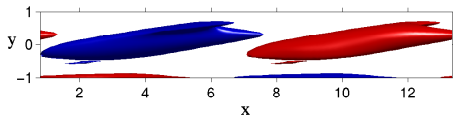
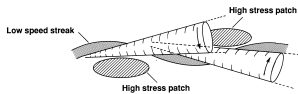
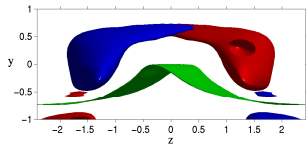
Poiseuille traveling wave!



Poiseuille traveling wave!

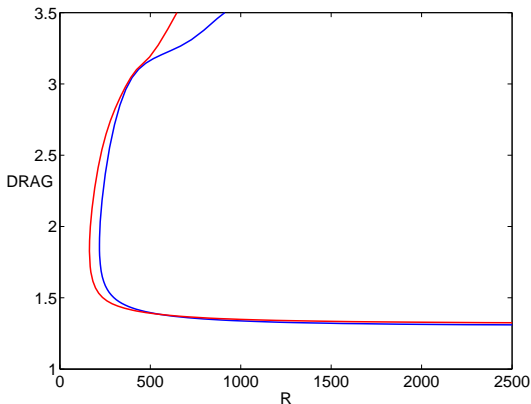
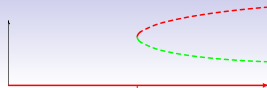


Optimum Traveling Wave: 100^+ !



$\min R_\tau = 2h^+ = 44$ for $L_x^+ = 274$, $L_z^+ = 105$ just right!

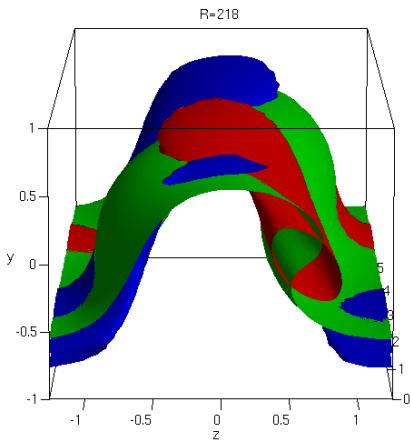
'Out-of-the-blue-sky'



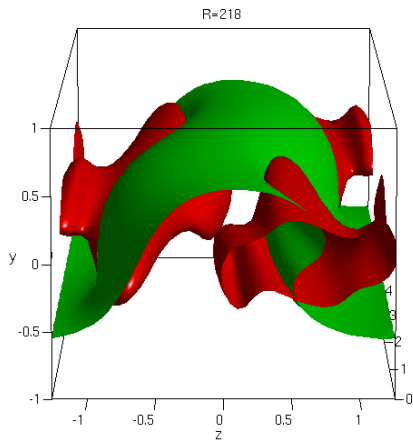
Lower branch does NOT bifurcate from laminar flow!

RRC $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1, 2), (1.14, 2.5)$, up to $R \approx 60\,000 +$ asymptotics

Vortex visualization

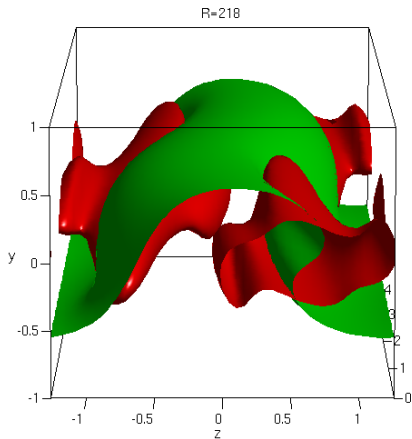
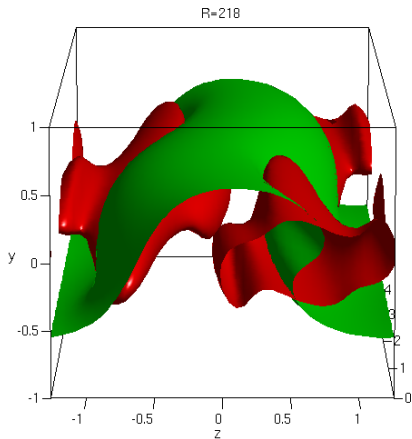


ω_x



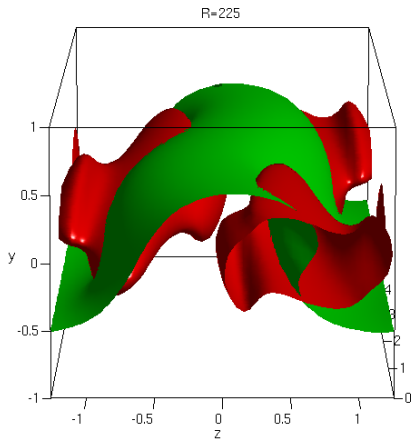
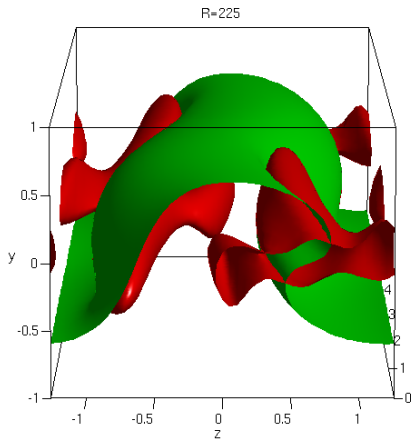
$$2Q = \nabla^2 p = \Omega_{ij}\Omega_{ij} - S_{ij}S_{ij}$$

Upper and Lower branches



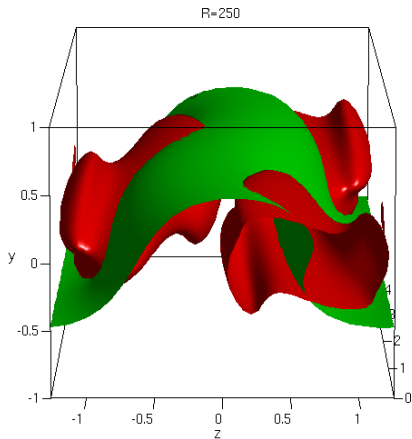
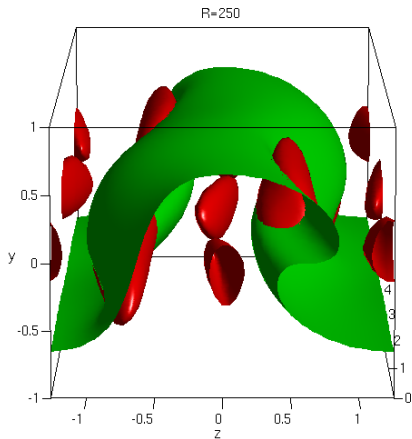
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



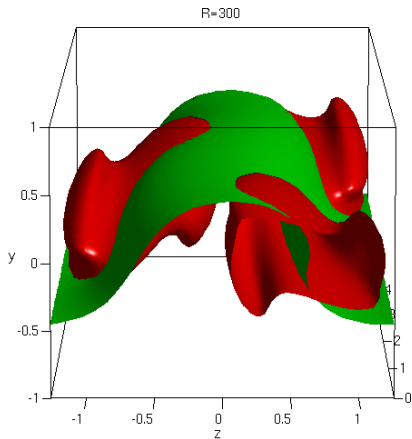
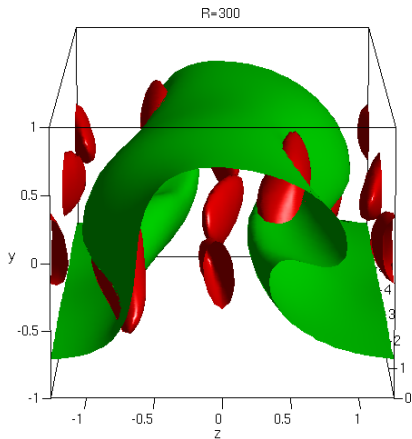
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



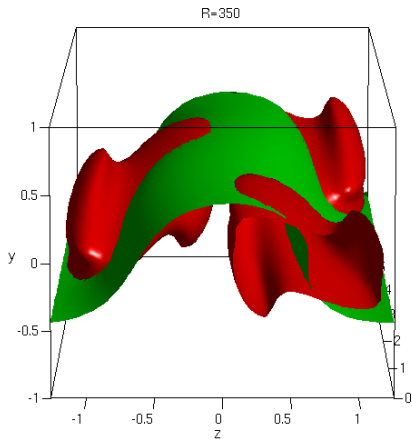
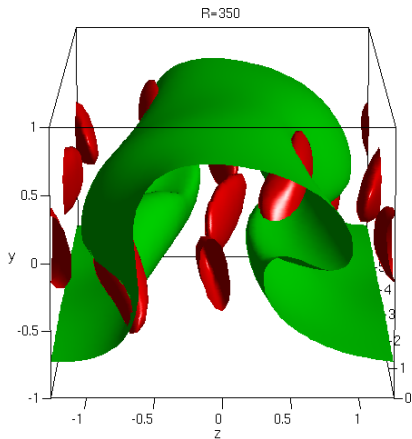
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



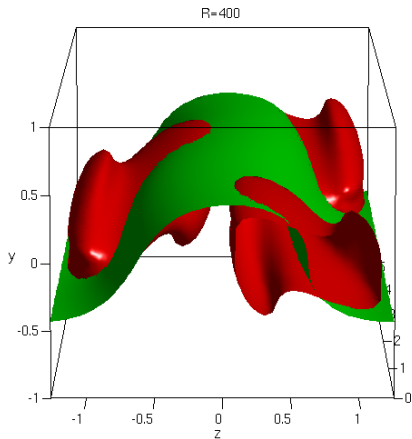
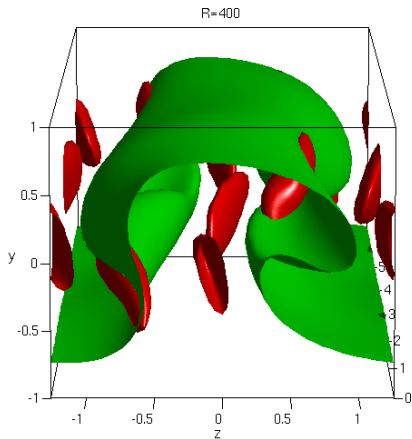
$0.6 \max(Q), (\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5).$

Upper and Lower branches



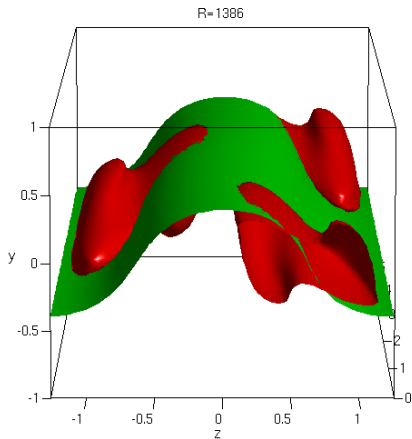
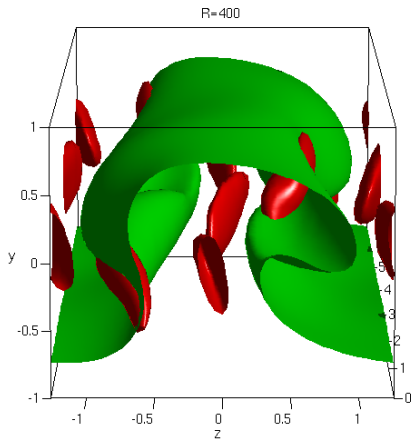
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



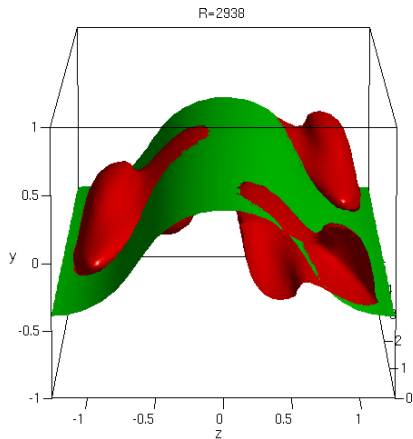
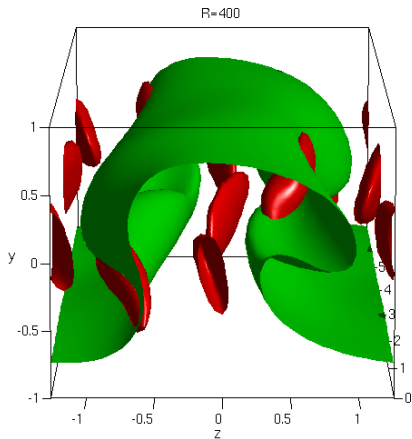
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



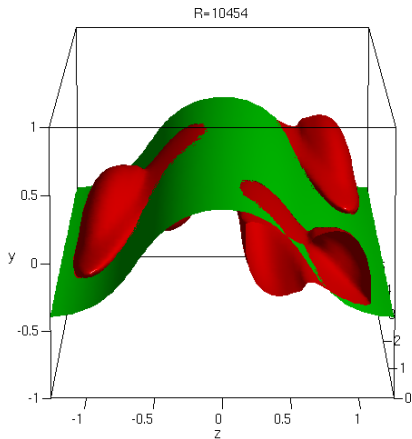
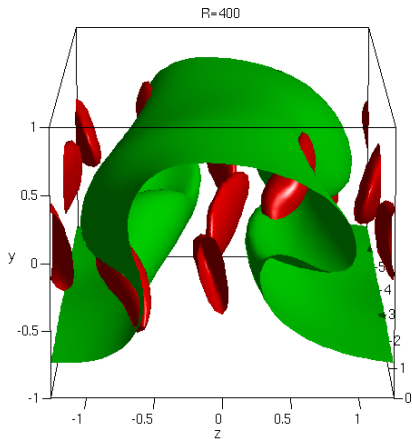
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



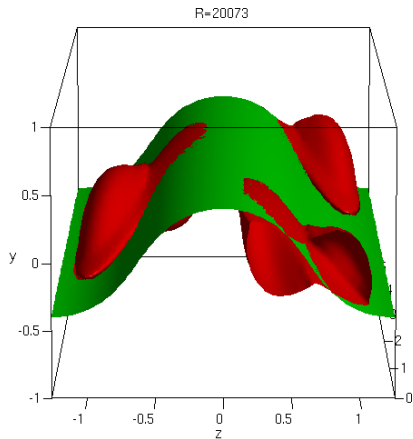
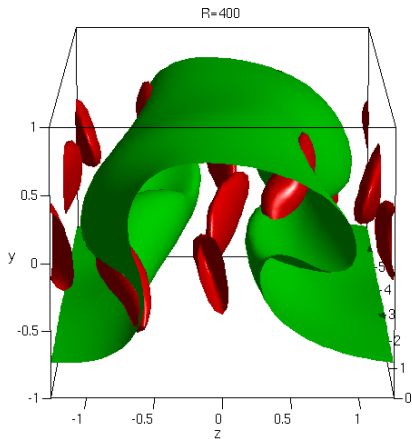
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



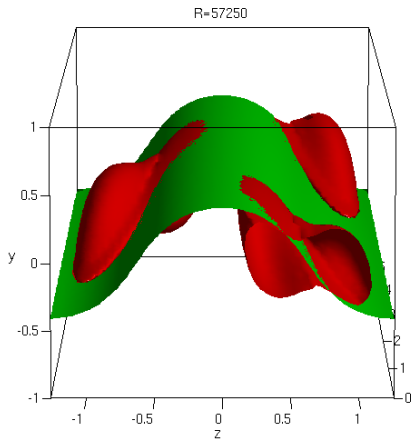
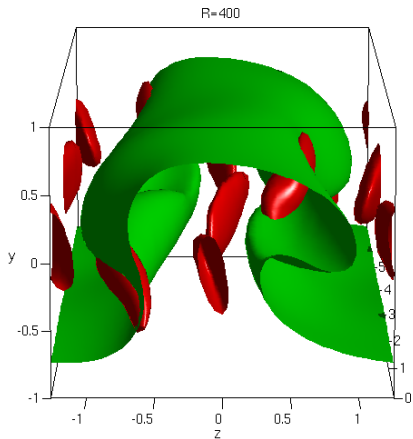
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches



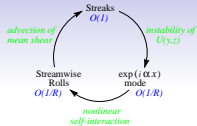
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Upper and Lower branches

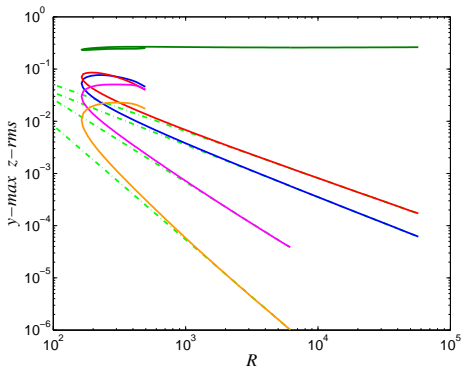


$0.6 \max(Q)$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Structure of LBS, $R \rightarrow 60\,000$



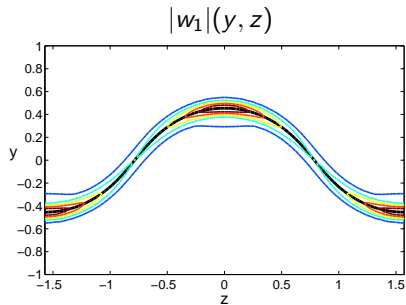
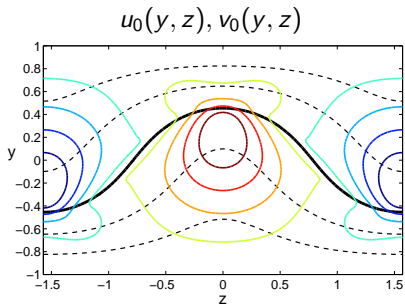
$$\mathbf{u} - \bar{u} \hat{\mathbf{x}} = [u_0 - \bar{u}, v_0, w_0](y, z) + e^{i\alpha x} \mathbf{u}_1(y, z) + \dots$$



Structure of LBS, $R = 50171$

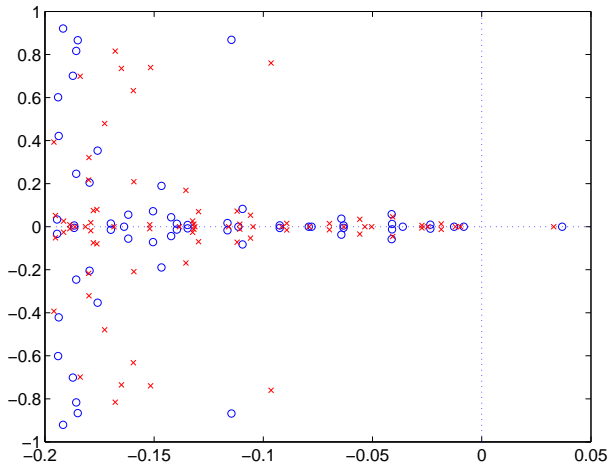


$$\mathbf{u} = [u_0, v_0, w_0](y, z) + e^{i\alpha x} [u_1, v_1, w_1](y, z) + \dots$$



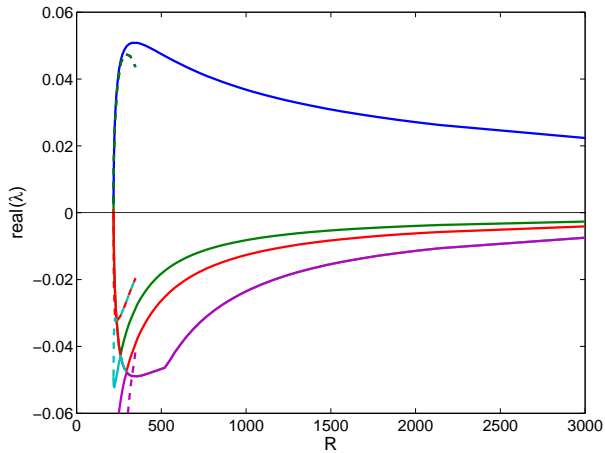
critical layer!

LB eigenvalues, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$, $(1, 2)$, $R = 1000$

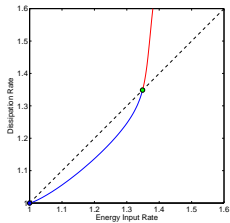
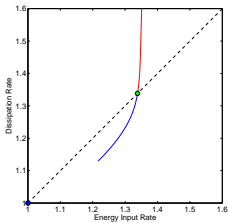
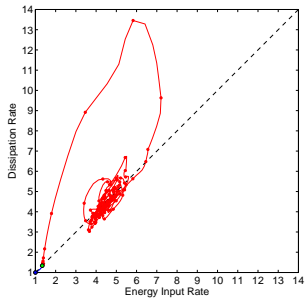
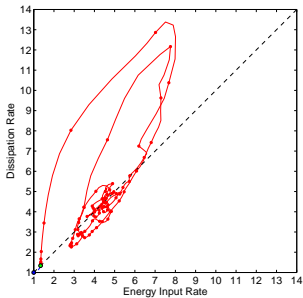


Only 1 unstable eig!

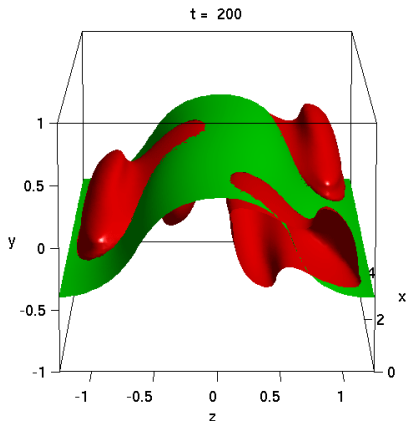
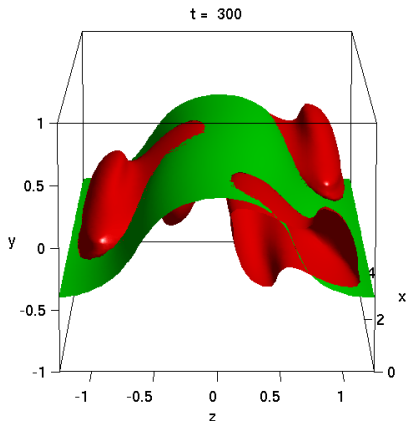
Stability of LBS



LB \longleftrightarrow Transition $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5), (1, 2), R = 1000$

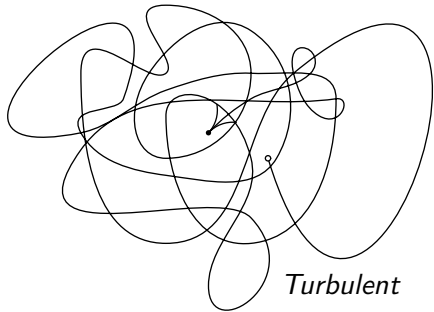


Lower branch $R = 1000$



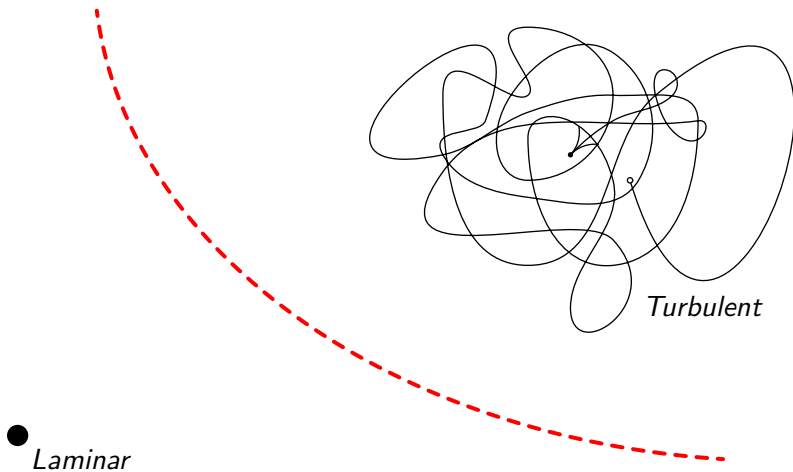
$0.6 \max(Q)$, $R = 1000$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (1.14, 2.5)$.

Two states of fluid flow?

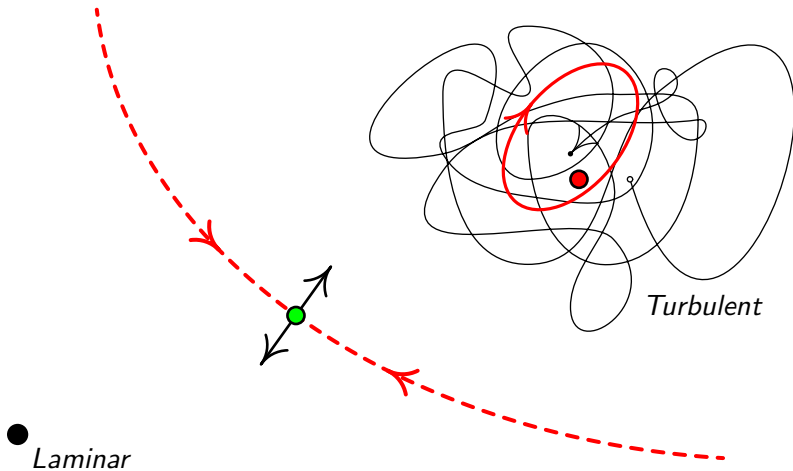


● *Laminar*

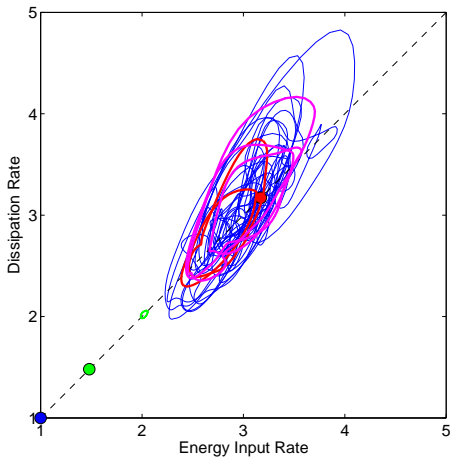
Separatrix, transition threshold



Unstable Coherent States!

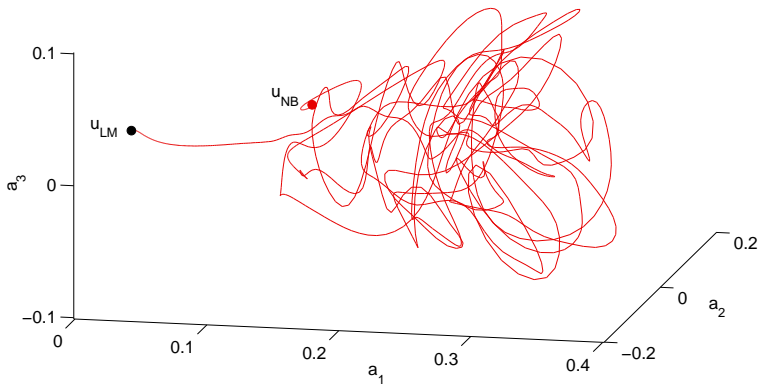


PCF data ($R = 400$)



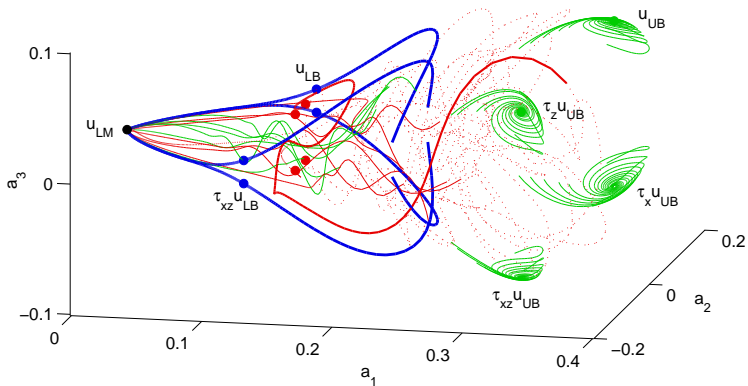
Periodic solutions in HKW (1.14, 1.67) by *Viswanath, JFM 2007* & *Gibson (TBA)*

Visualizing State Space (10^5 dof's)



RRC, R=400, *Gibson, Halcrow, Cvitanovic*, JFM to appear [arxiv.org/0705.3957](https://arxiv.org/abs/0705.3957)

Visualizing State Space (PCF, R=400)



RRC, R=400, *Gibson, Halcrow, Cvitanovic, JFM to appear arxiv.org/0705.3957*

Conclusions

- Go nonlinear, young men and women!

Conclusions

- Go nonlinear, young men and women!
- Instabilities? \Rightarrow bifurcations! \Rightarrow *coherent flows!*

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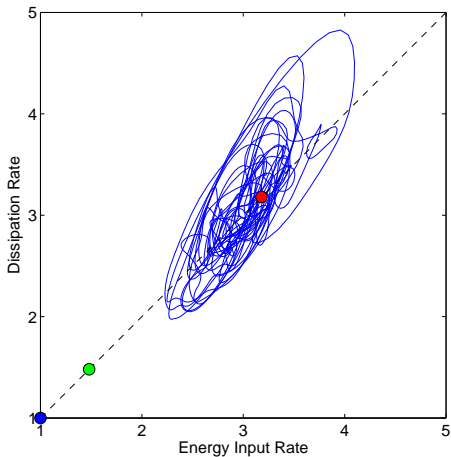
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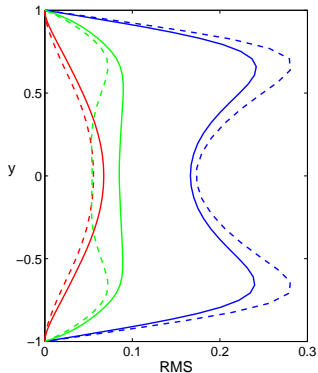
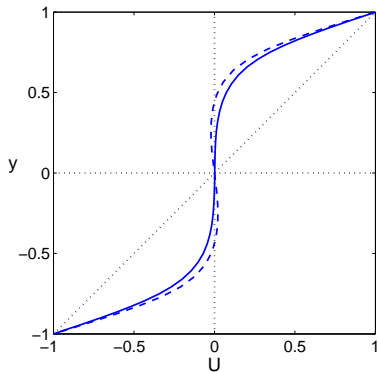
Upper and Lower branches

no-slip Couette



Steady State & 'turbulent' (by [Jue Wang](#) & [John Gibson](#)) in RRC, $R = 400$, $(\alpha, \gamma) = (0.95, 1.67)$

Upper branches \longleftrightarrow Turbulence (no-slip Couette)



solid: Turbulent (avg $t=2000$), dash: fixed point
Mean and RMS velocity profiles